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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/582,964	06/15/2006	Kenichi Noridomi	2006_0923A	7717	
52349 WENDEROTI	7590 06/23/200 H. LIND & PONACK I	EXAM	EXAMINER		
1030 15th Stre	et, N.W.	TABATABAI, ABOLFAZL			
Suite 400 East Washington, E	C 20005-1503	ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER		
g,		2624			
			MAIL DATE	DELIVERY MODE	
		06/23/2009	PAPER		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Office Action Summary

Application No.	Applicant(s)					
10/582,964	NORIDOMI ET AL.					
Examiner	Art Unit					
ABOLFAZL TABATABAI	2624					

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address -- Period for Reply

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WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.	(a). In no event, however, may a repty be timely filed apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. ause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).					
Status						
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 18 Jun	<u>e 2009</u> .					
2a) This action is FINAL . 2b) This a	ction is non-final.					
 Since this application is in condition for allowand 	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is					
closed in accordance with the practice under Ex	parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.					
Disposition of Claims						
4) Claim(s) 1-19 is/are pending in the application.						
4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw	4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.					
5)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are allowed.	Claim(s) <u>1-10</u> is/are allowed.					
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>11-19</u> is/are rejected.	- · · · - · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.					
Application Papers						
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.						
10)⊠ The drawing(s) filed on 29 July 2008 is/are: a)⊠	accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner.					
Applicant may not request that any objection to the dr	awing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).					
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction	n is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).					
11)☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	miner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.					
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119						
12)⊠ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign p	riority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)⊠ All b)□ Some * c)□ None of:						
 Certified copies of the priority documents 	have been received.					
Certified copies of the priority documents	have been received in Application No					
Copies of the certified copies of the priorit	y documents have been received in this National Stage					
application from the International Bureau	(PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	f the certified copies not received.					
Attachment(s)						
Autocommin(s) X Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) X Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	4) Interview Summary (PTO-413) Paper No(s)/Mail Date					

3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 06/15/2006.

5). Notice of Informal Patent Application. 6) Other: _____.

Art Unit: 2624

DETAILED ACTION

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

1. 35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

Whoever invents or discovers any new and useful process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter, or any new and useful improvement thereof, may obtain a patent therefor, subject to the conditions and requirements of this title.

2. Claims 11-18 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 as not falling within one of the four statutory categories of invention. Supreme Court precedent 1 and recent Federal Circuit decisions² indicated that a statutory "process" under 35 U.S.C. 101 must (1) be tied to a machine or (2) transform underlying subject matter (such as an article or material) to a different state or thing. While the instant claims recites a series of steps or acts to be performed, the claims neither transform underlying subject matter nor positively tie to a machine that accomplishes the claimed method steps, and therefore do not qualify as a statuary process. The recited steps "receiving digital data that includes several pieces of element data, in which a change amount is imparted to a value of each of first element data and second element data among the several pieces of element data, thereby embedding additional information into both of the first element data and the second element data", "selecting, as target data, a data set that includes the first element data and the second element data", "selecting, as neighboring data, element data in proximity to each of the first element data and the second element data", "calculating, based on both of the target data and the neighboring data, the change amount imparted to each of the first element data and the second element data" Application/Control Number: 10/582,964 Page 3

Art Unit: 2624

and "detecting the additional information in accordance with the change amount" neither transform underlying subject matter nor positively tie to a machine that accomplished the claimed method step. In order for process to be "tied" to a machine, the structure of a machine should be positively recited in a step or steps significant to the basic inventive concept, and NOT just in association with statements of intended use or purpose, insignificant pre or post solution activity, or implicitly. Appropriate correction is required.

¹ Diamond v. Diehr, 450 U.S 175, 184 (1981); Parker v. Flook, 437 U. S 584,588, n.9 (1978); Gottschalk v. Benson, 409 U. S. 63, 70 (1972); Cochrane v. Deener, 94 U. S. 780, 787-88 (1876).

² In re Bilski, 88 USPQ2d 1385 (Fed. Cir. 2008).

Appropriate correction is required.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 101

35 U.S.C. 101 reads as follows:

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The USPTO "Interim Guidelines for Examination of Patent Applications for Patent Subject Matter Eligibility" (Official Gazette notice of 22 November 2005), Annex IV, reads as follows:

Descriptive material can be characterized as either "functional descriptive material" or "nonfunctional descriptive material." In this context, "functional descriptive material" consists of data structures and computer programs, which impart functionality when employed as a computer component. (The definition of "data structure" is "a physical or logical relationship among data elements, designed to support specific data manipulation functions." The New IEEE Standard Dictionary of Electrical and Electronics Terms 308 (5th ed. 1993).) "Nonfunctional descriptive material" includes but is not limited to music, literary works and a compilation or mere arrangement of data.

Application/Control Number: 10/582,964
Art Unit: 2624

When functional descriptive material is recorded on some computer-readable medium it becomes structurally and functionally interrelated to the medium and will be statutory in most cases since use of technology permits the function of the descriptive material to be realized. Compare In re Lowry, 32 F.3d 1579, 1583-84, 32 USPQ2d 1031, 1035 (Fed. Cir. 1994) (Claim to data structure stored on a computer readable medium that increases computer efficiency held statutory) and Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1360-61, 31 USPQ2d at 1759 (claim to computer having a specific data structure stored in memory held statutory product-by-process claim) with Warmerdam, 33 F.3d at 1361, 31 USPQ2d at 1760 (claim to a data structure per se held nonstatutory).

In contrast, a claimed computer-readable medium encoded with a computer program is a computer element which defines structural and functional interrelationships between the computer program and the rest of the computer which permit the computer program's functionality to be realized, and is thus statutory. See Lowry, 32 F.3d at 1583-84, 32 USPQ2d at 1035.

- Claim 19 is rejected under 35 U.S.C. 101 because the claimed invention is directed to non-statutory subject matter as follows.
- 5. Claim 19 recites "a recording medium operable to store computer program data comprising,......" embodying functional descriptive material. However, the claim does not define a computer-readable medium or memory and is thus non-statutory for that reason (i.e., "When functional descriptive material is recorded on some computer-readable medium it becomes structurally and functionally interrelated to the medium and will be statutory in most cases since use of technology permits the function of the

Art Unit: 2624

descriptive material to be realized" – Guidelines Annex IV). The scope of the presently claimed invention encompasses products that are not necessarily computer readable, and thus NOT able to impart any functionality of the recited program. The Examiner suggests amending the claims to embody the program on "A computer-readable medium storing a computer program data comprising......." or equivalent; assuming the specification does NOT define the computer readable medium as a "signal", "carrier wave", or "transmission medium" which are deemed none-statuary (refer to "note" below). Any amendment to the claim should be commensurate with its corresponding disclosure.

Note:

"A transitory, propagating signal ... is not a "process, machine, manufacture, or composition of matter." Those four categories define the explicit scope and reach of subject matter patentable under 35 U.S.C. § 101; thus, such a signal cannot be patentable subject matter." (*In re Petrus A.C.M. Nuijten*; Fed Cir, 2006-1371, 9/20/2007).

Should the full scope of the claim as properly read in light of the disclosure encompass non-statutory subject matter such as a "signal", the claim as a whole would be non-statutory. In the case where the specification defines the computer readable medium or memory as statutory tangible products such as a hard drive, ROM, RAM, etc, as well as a non-statutory entity such as a "signal", "carrier wave", or "transmission medium", the examiner suggests amending the claim to include the disclosed tangible

Art Unit: 2624

computer readable media, while at the same time <u>excluding</u> the intangible media such as signals, carrier waves, etc.

Appropriate correction is required.

Allowable Subject Matter

- Claims 1-10 are allowable.
- 7. The following is an Examiner's statement of reasons for allowance.

The prior art of record fails to teach or suggest, information-detecting apparatus comprises a receiving unit operable to receive digital data that includes several pieces of element data, in which a change amount is imparted to a value of each of first element data and second element data among the several pieces of element data, thereby embedding additional information into both of the first element data and the second element data, a calculating unit operable to calculate, based on both of the target data and the neighboring data, the change amount imparted to each of the first element data and the second element data and a detecting unit operable to detect the additional information in accordance with the change amount in combination into other features and element of claim 1.

Citation of Relevant Prior Art

The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.

Miyashita et al (U. S. 6,993,148 B1) disclose image processing apparatus and method, and storage medium.

Art Unit: 2624

Hayashi et al (U. S. 7,142,689 B2) disclose image processing apparatus for determining specific images.

Contact Information

 Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the Examiner should be directed to ABOLFAZL TABATABAI whose telephone number is (571) 272-7458.

The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 9:30 a.m. to 7:30 p.m. If attempts to reach the Examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the Examiner's supervisor, Ahmed Samir, can be reached at (571) 272-7413. The fax phone number for organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is (571) 273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

/Abolfazl Tabatabai/

Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2624

June 19, 2009

Application/Control Number: 10/582,964 Page 8

Art Unit: 2624